

What's the smell? — The scent of a molecule

Dr. Asraa Ziadi

27th of November

Introduction: About me

http://www.itbm.nagoya-u.ac.jp/ja/2018_ITbM_Brochure_JP.pdf 2019/02/04

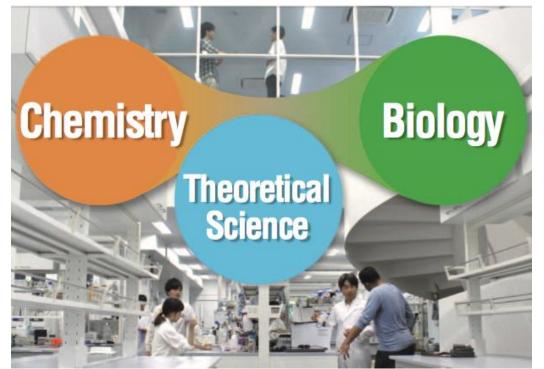




You

in B

Institute of Transformative bio-Molecules (ITbM)



http://www.itbm.nagoya-u.ac.jp/en/about/environment.php 2019/02/04

My tasks:



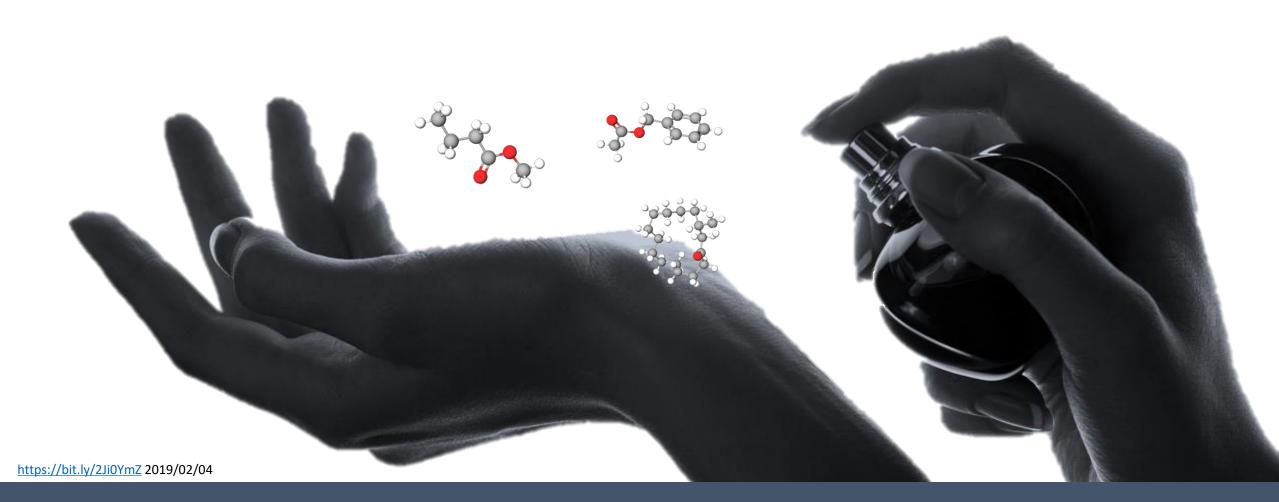








Please, come visit us!



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What are some of your favourite smells?



All photos are from Unsplash

What are some of your favourite smells?

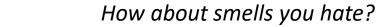


All photos are from Unsplash



























What are some of your favourite smells?







How about smells you hate?







From pngtree

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What are some of your favourite smells?





How about smells you hate?







From pngtree

Products that have smell added to them?



Smell is added to make a product more tasty, awaken different feelings or make you recall a memory.

What are some of your favourite smells?













From pngtree

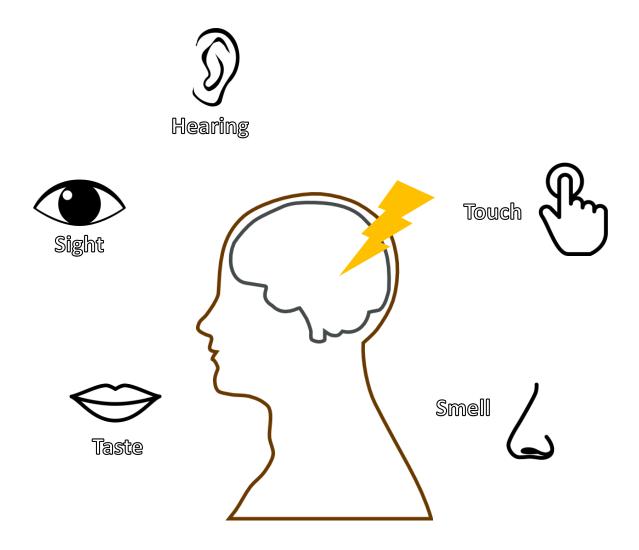
Products that have smell added to them?



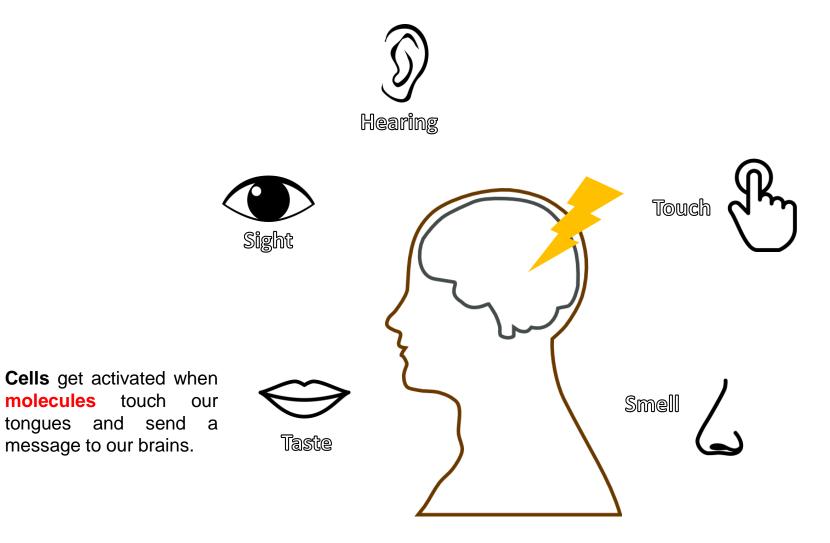
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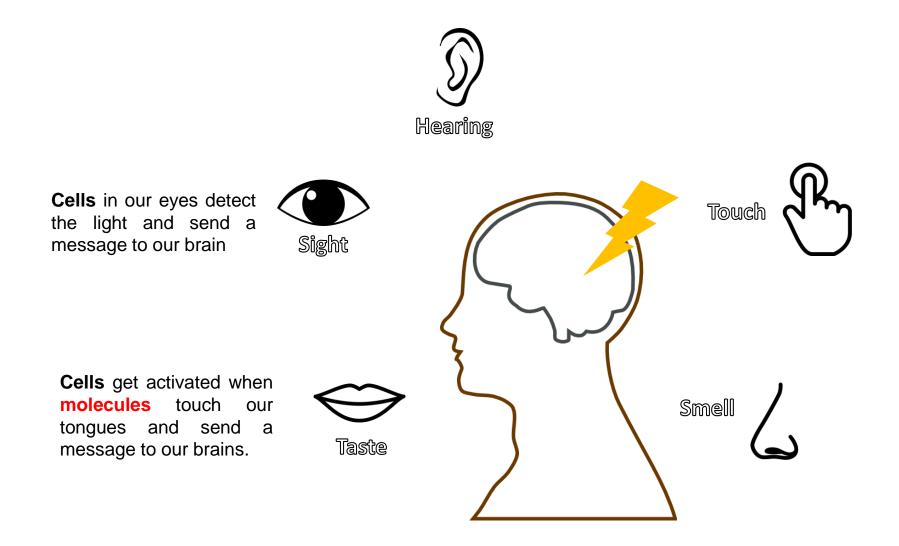
So how does smell work? How does it connect to taste?

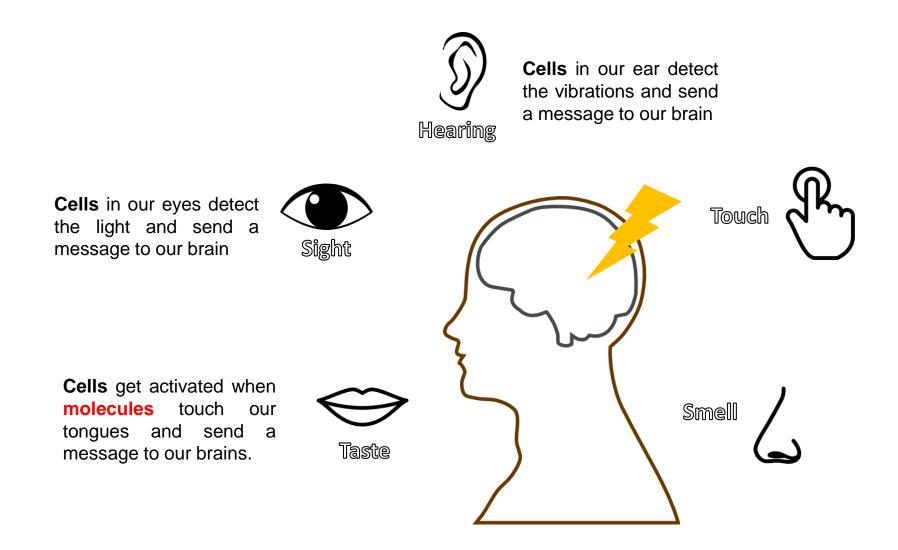
But first, let's review what you know about the other senses.

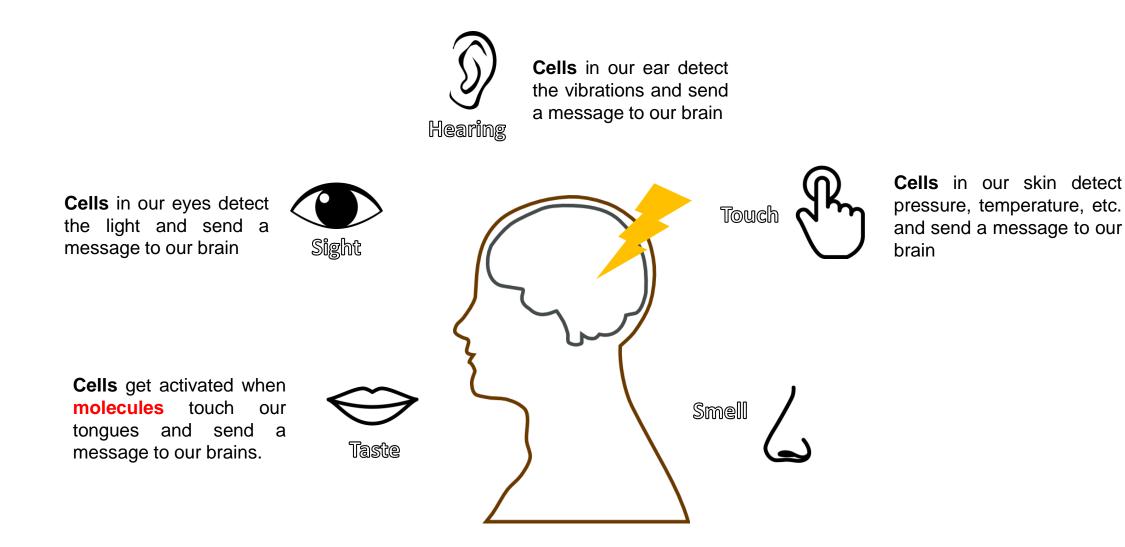


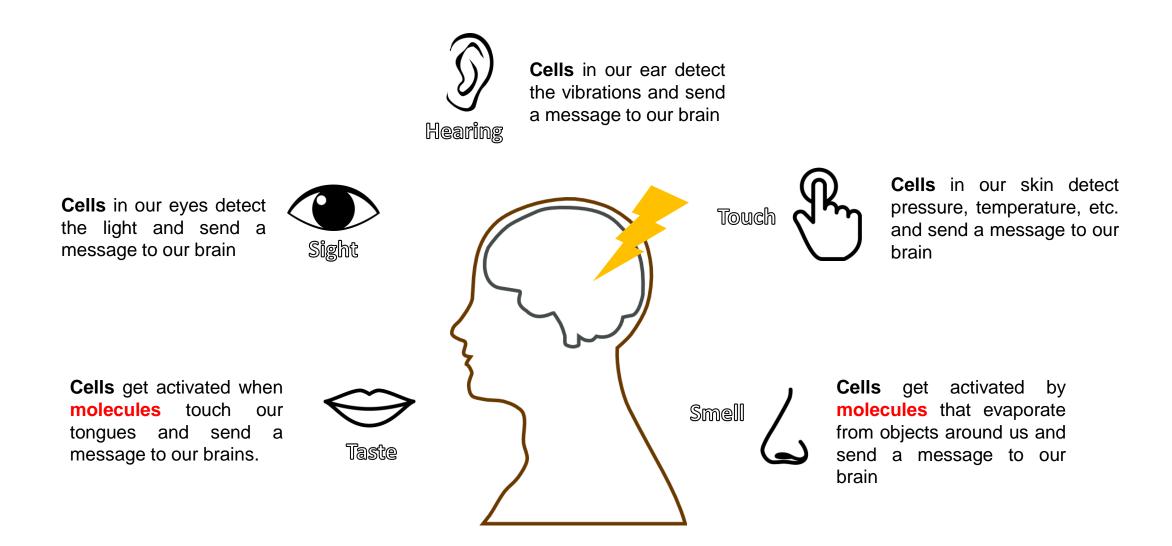
All photos are from <u>Clipartmax</u>

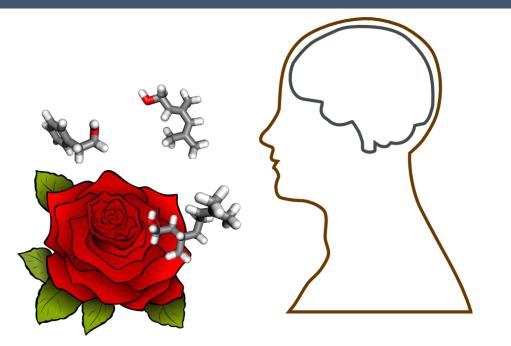




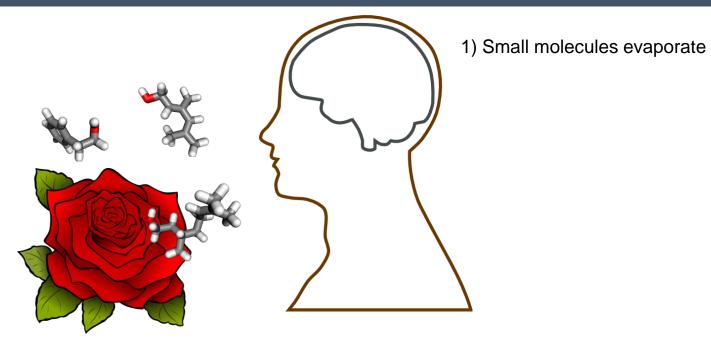




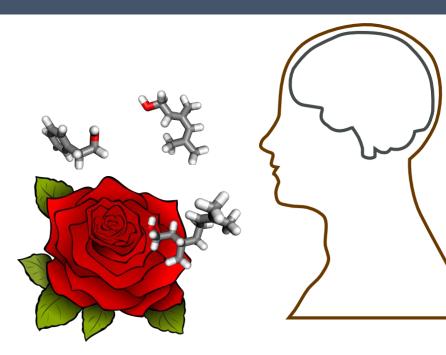




Clipart is from <u>Clipartmax</u> Molecules were made with <u>MolView</u>

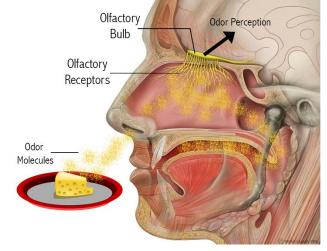


What's the smell? — The scent of a molecule



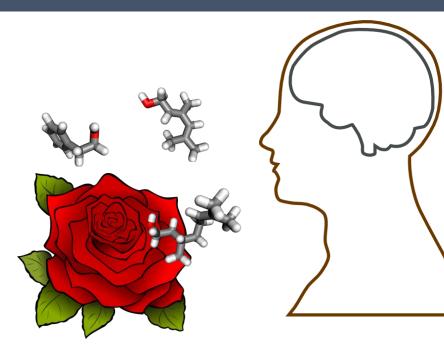
Small molecules evaporate
They dissolve in mucus, hit the olfactory epithelium

3) They interact with a combination of receptor types.



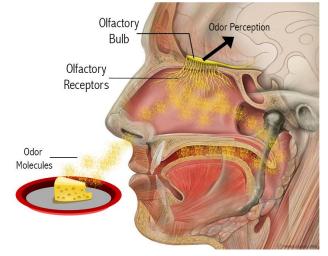
From <u>YASPsychTxtbk</u> ©Patrick J. Lynch 2006

What's the smell? - The scent of a molecule



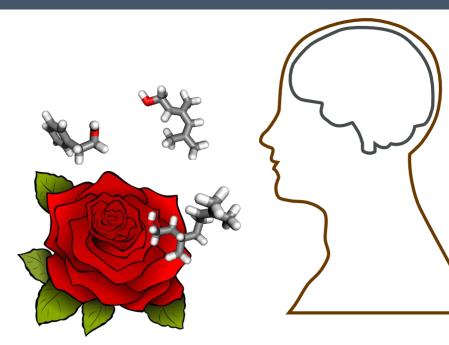
1) Small molecules evaporate

- 2) They dissolve in mucus, hit the olfactory epithelium
- 3) They interact with a combination of receptor types.
- 4) The cell get activated and sends a signal to your brain.
- 5) You recognize the smell of a rose



From <u>YASPsychTxtbk</u> ©Patrick J. Lynch 2006

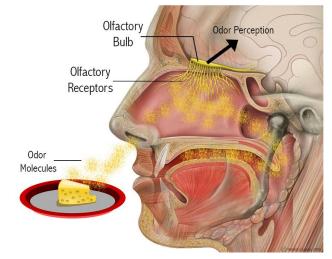
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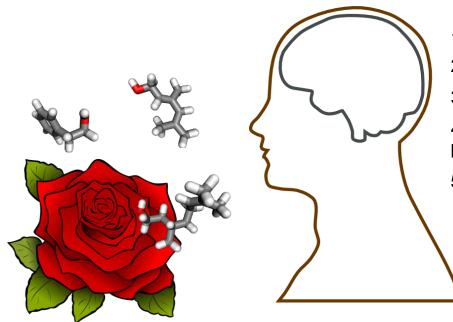
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How about when you're sick?



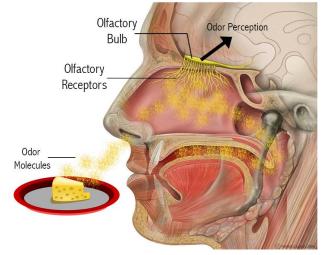
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1) Small molecules evaporate

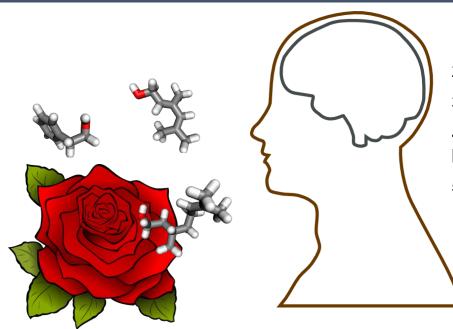
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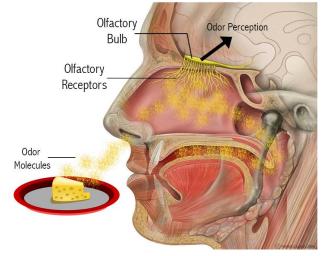
With the help of this system, humans can distinguish over 10,000 different smells.



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How about when you're sick?



From <u>YASPsychTxtbk</u> ©Patrick J. Lynch 2006

With the help of this system, humans can distinguish over 10,000 different smells.

Not nearly enough as some other animals...



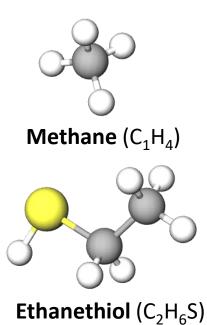
This means that they have more receptors than us and can detect odours that humans can't and at lower concentrations.

Clipart is from <u>Clipartmax</u> Molecules were made with <u>MolView</u>

Can you smell everything?

All photos are from <u>Unsplash</u>





Methane is odorless = we don't have receptors for it.

Ethanethiol (which we can detect at 1:2.8 billion) is added to give it a smell.

Can you smell everything?



Methane (C₁H₄)

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How about metals? Why does gold not smell?



Can you smell everything?



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How about metals? Why does gold not smell?

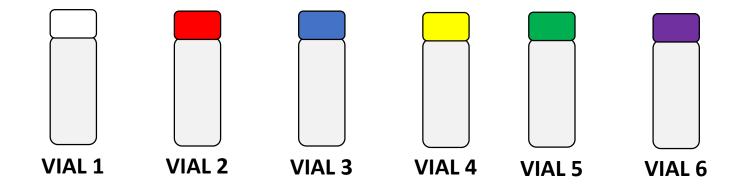


Generally metals are not volatile, so your olfactory sensors can not detect any molecules. It's not the pure metals that have the smell, but in fact the oxides, sulphides and other chemical compounds formed with the metal.

Let's take 15 mins and have an aroma exercise!

- (1) Open the vial and take a gentle breath. What do you smell?
- (2) Discuss with your neighbour. Do you both agree on the smell?
- (3) Write down the number of the vial and what you think it smells like.
- (4) Can you relate it to a specific memory?

What does it remind you of?







Vanilla bean

Image is from <u>Clipartxtras</u>



What's the difference between vanilla and vanillin?

Vanillin is one molecule. It's the major compound in vanilla beans. Vanilla contains 299 other compounds besides vanillin.

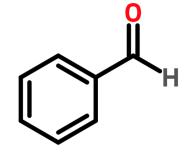


Vanilla bean

What does it remind you of?



Benzaldehyde

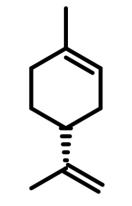




What does it remind you of?



Limonene

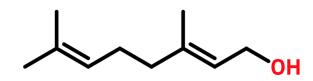




What does it remind you of?



Geraniol



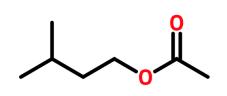


What does it remind you of?





Isoamyl acetate

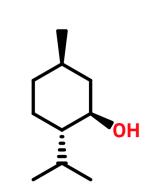




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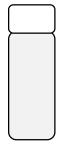


Menthol



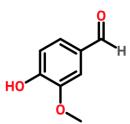


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VIAL 1

Vanillin



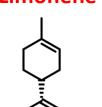


VIAL 2



Limonene

VIAL 3



VIAL 4

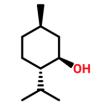
Geraniol

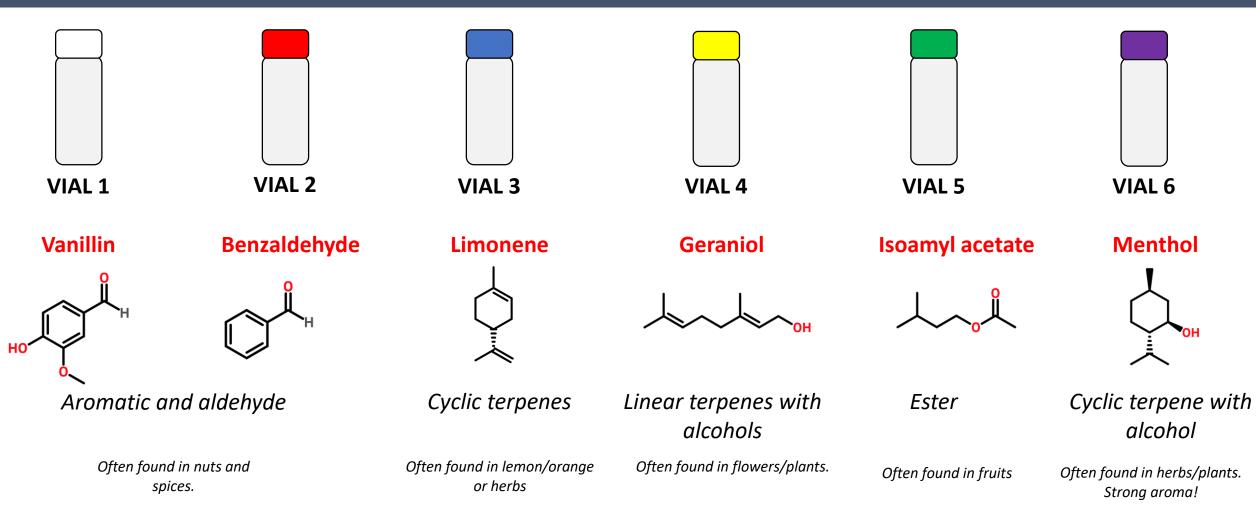


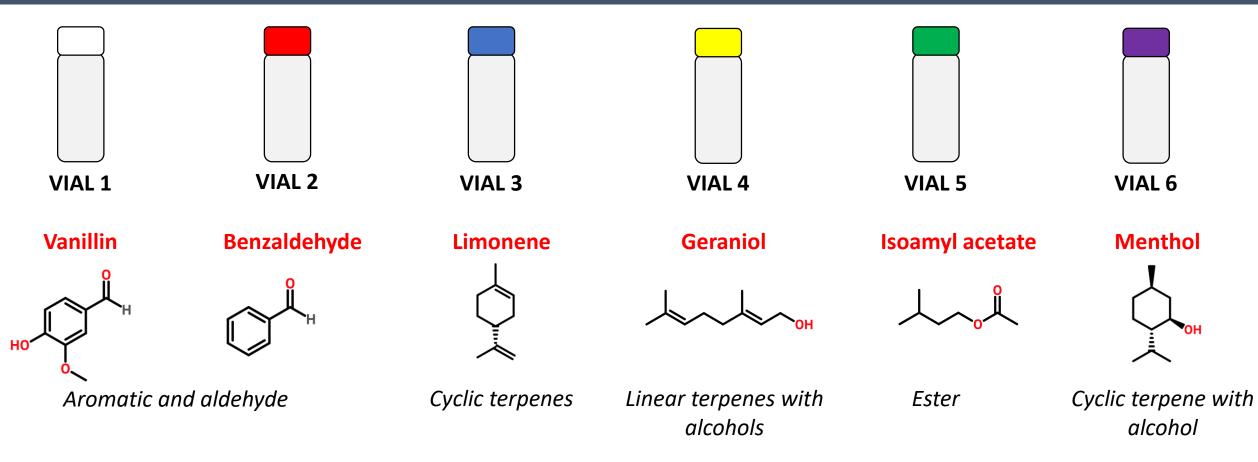
Isoamyl acetate

Menthol

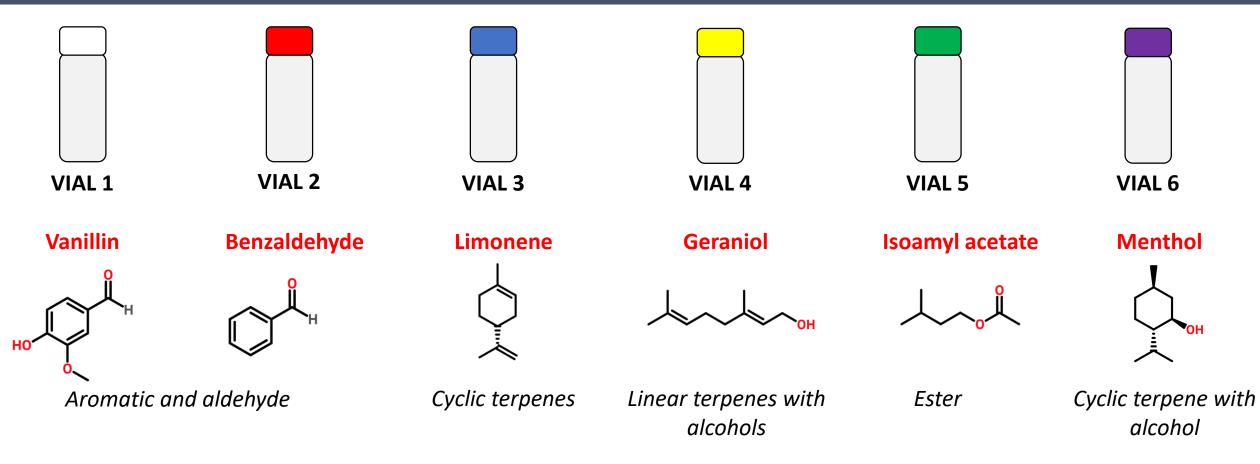
VIAL 6





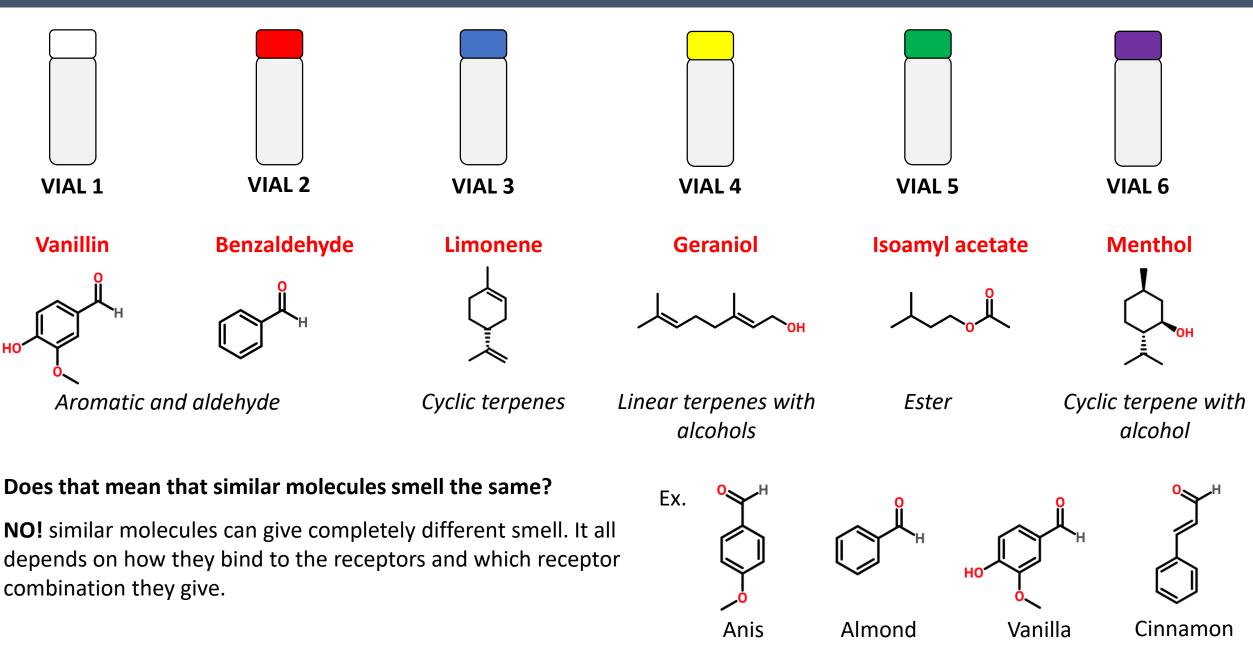


Does that mean that similar molecules smell the same?



Does that mean that similar molecules smell the same?

NO! similar molecules can give completely different smell. It all depends on how they bind to the receptors and which receptor combination they give.



Thank you all for listening!

ŌН

1-Octen-3-ol and 1-octen-3-one (Mozzarella)





All molecule structures in this presentation were made with Chemwriter

.OH